

Koon Store Road

Columbia, South Carolina



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Executive Summary

Koon Store Road - Columbia, South Carolina

- Richland County TM\$#: R12100-02-22
- ±80.54 acres of mature hardwoods and pines
- Less than 5 miles/minutes from the intersection of I-20 and Highway 321
- Nice secluded homesite several to choose from
- Abundant wildlife
- Bold stream running through the property
- Richland County School District 1

Forest Heights Elementary School

Alcorn Middle School

Eau-Claire High School

• Sale price: \$253,701 (\$3,150 per acre)



For Sale ±81 AC Timberland/Recreational Property with Homesite

Property Pictures Koon Store Road - Columbia, South Carolina

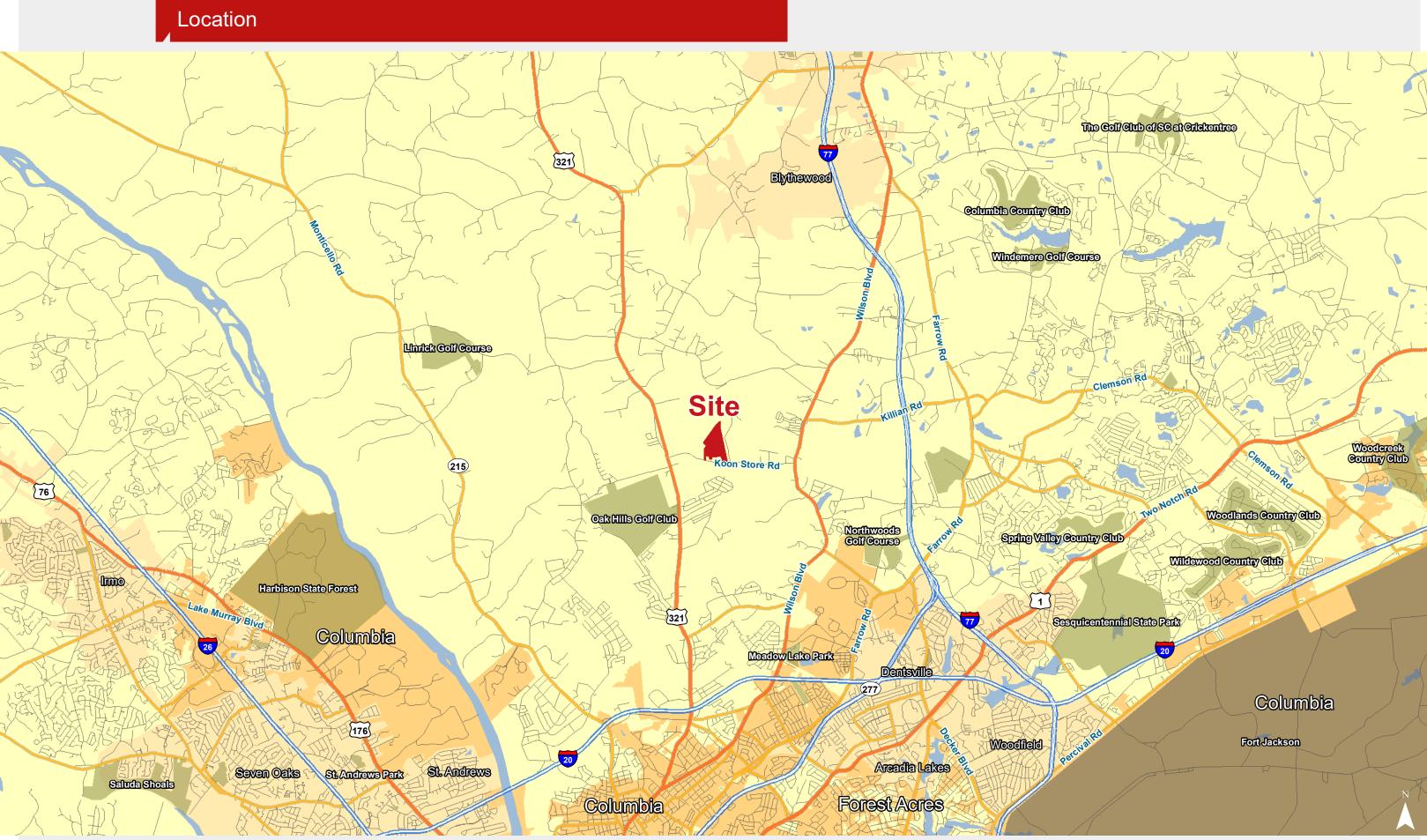










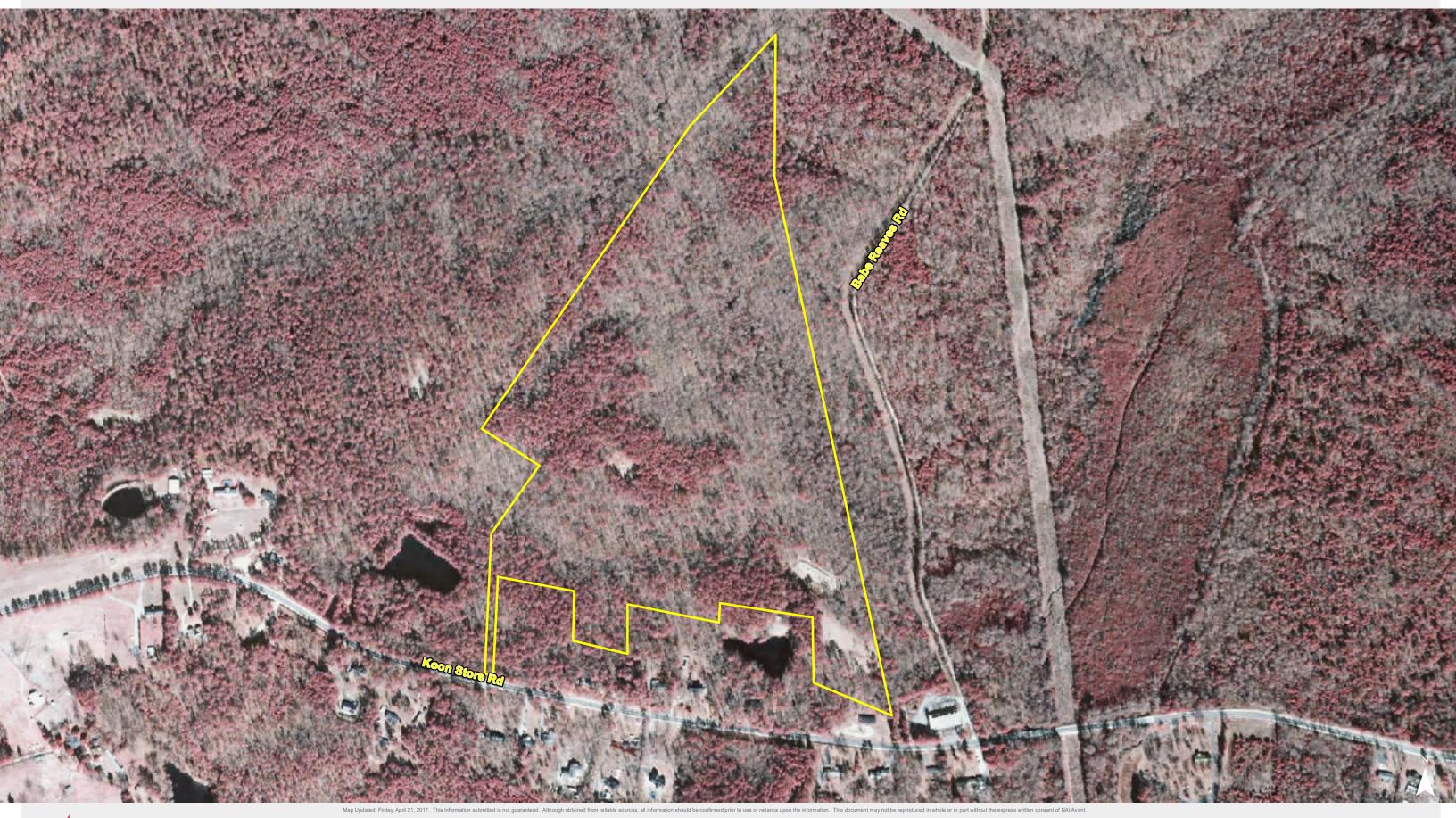






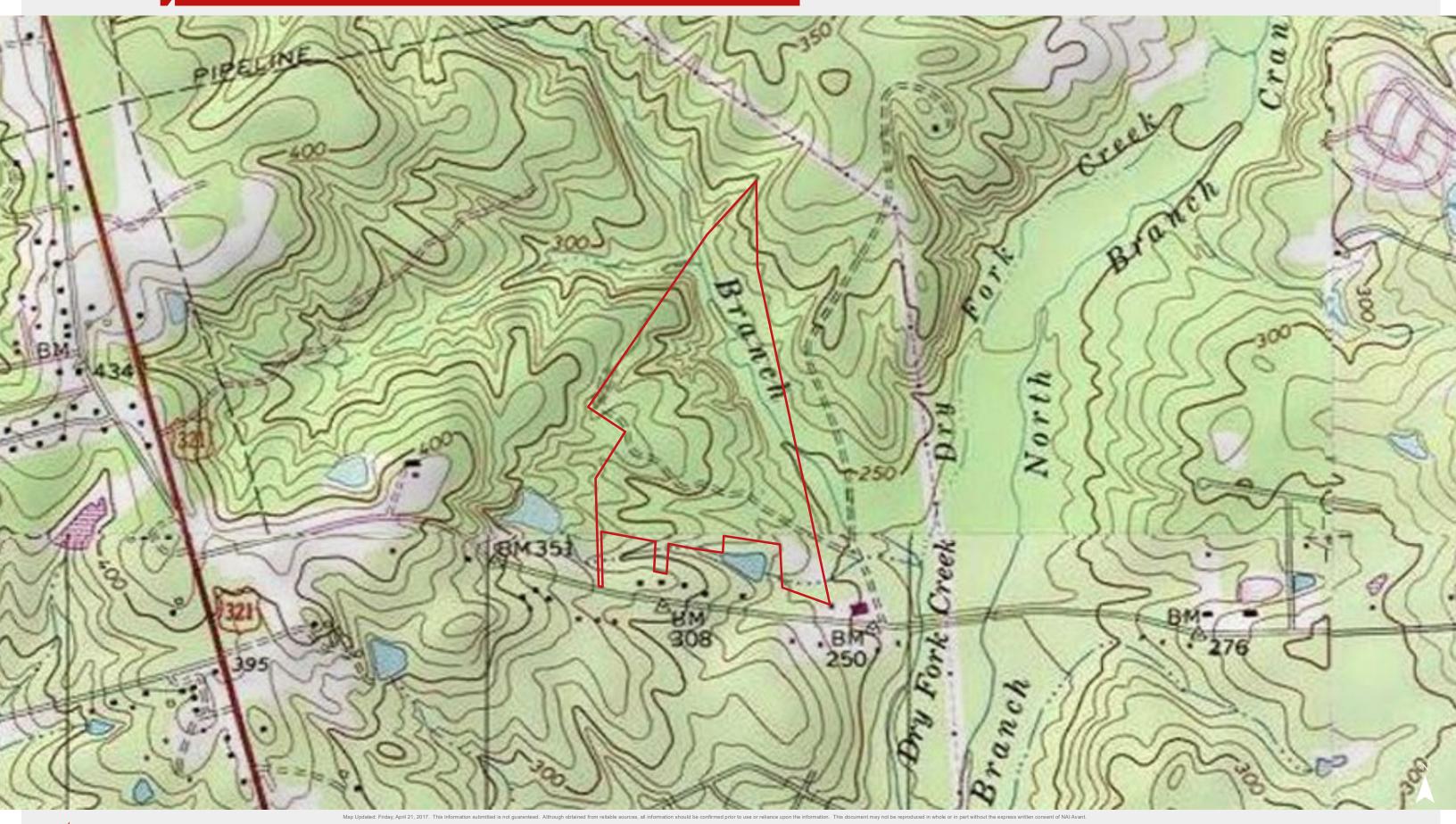


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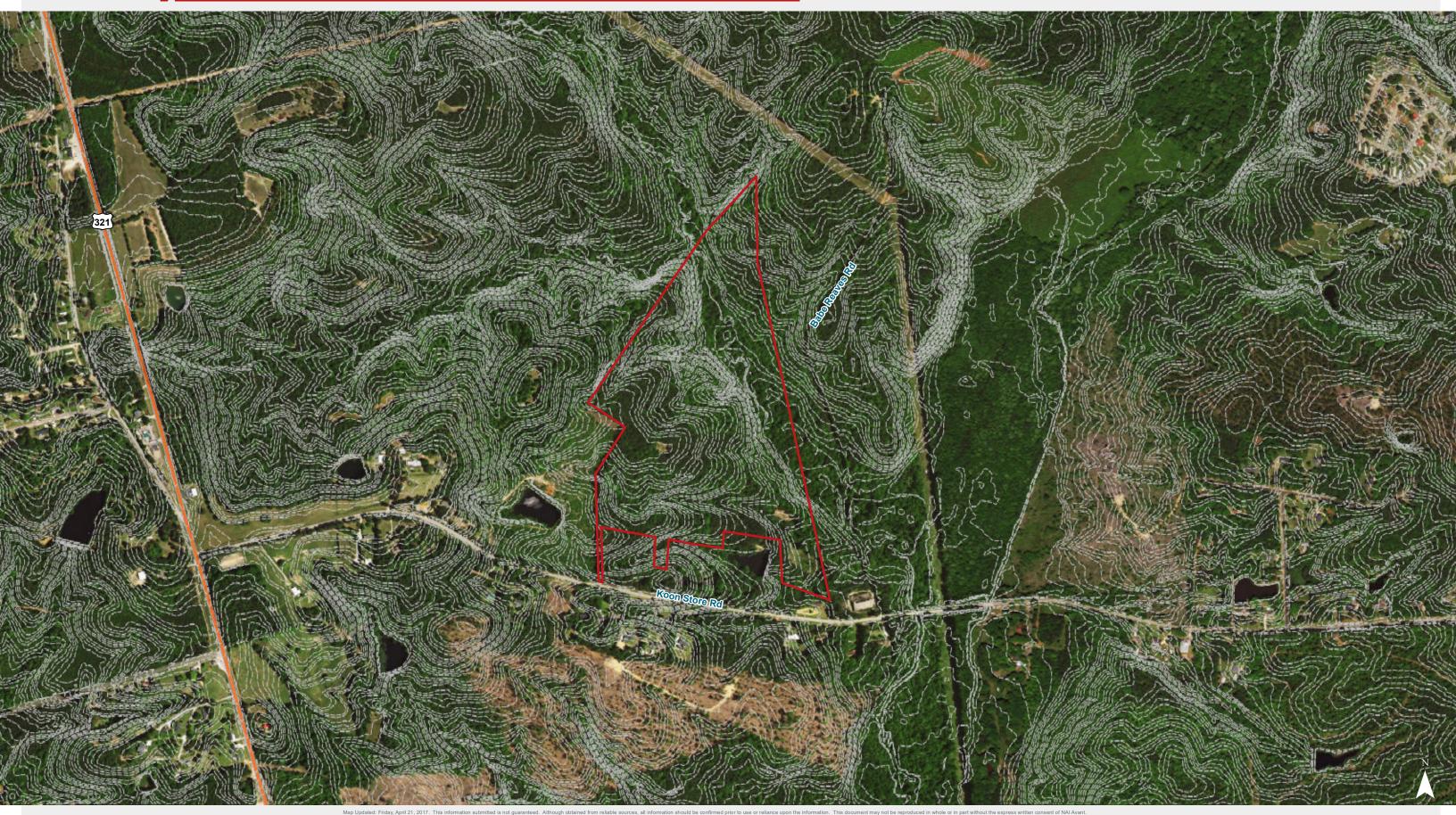




Topographical Map

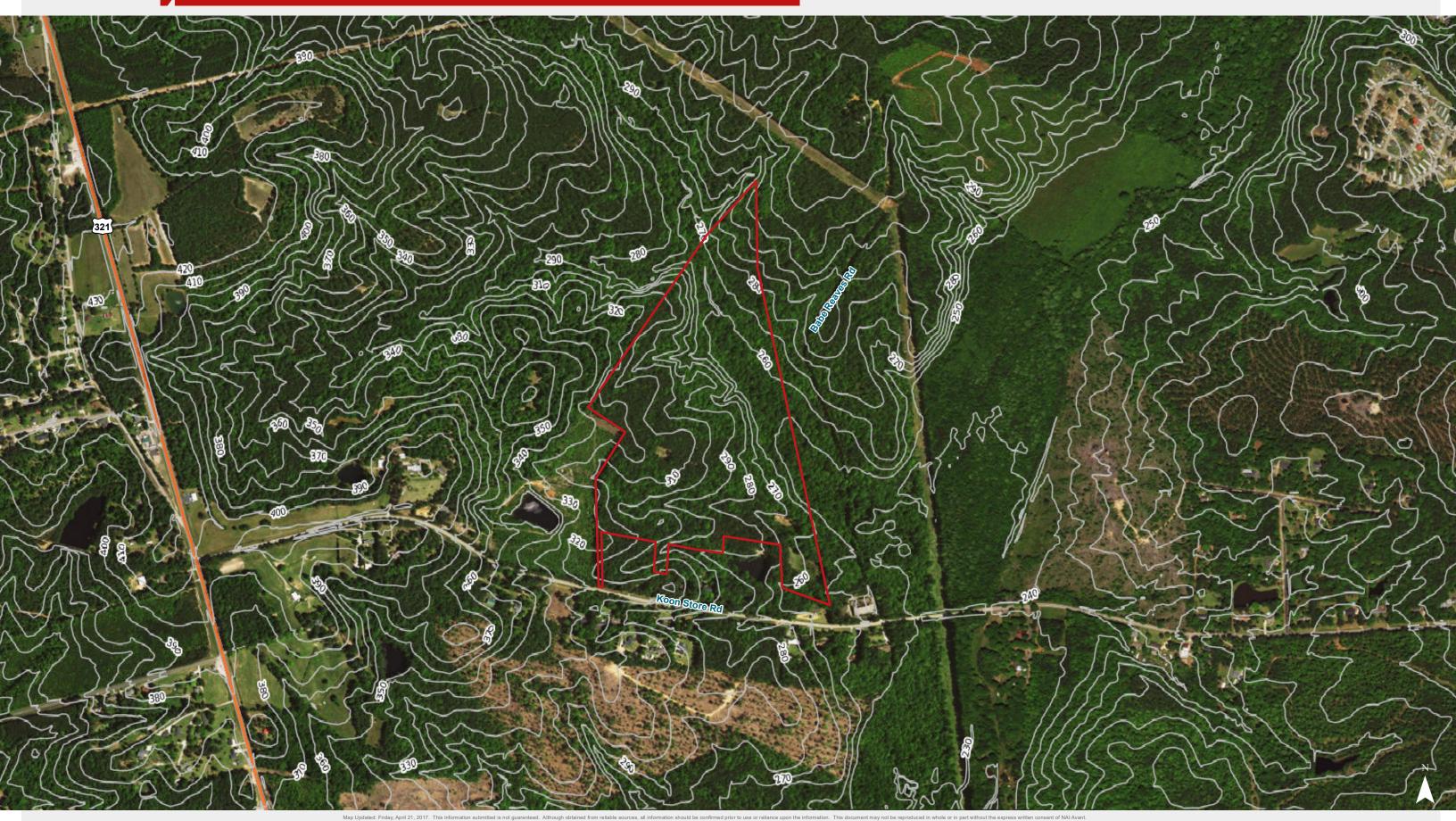


Topographical Map: 2' Contours



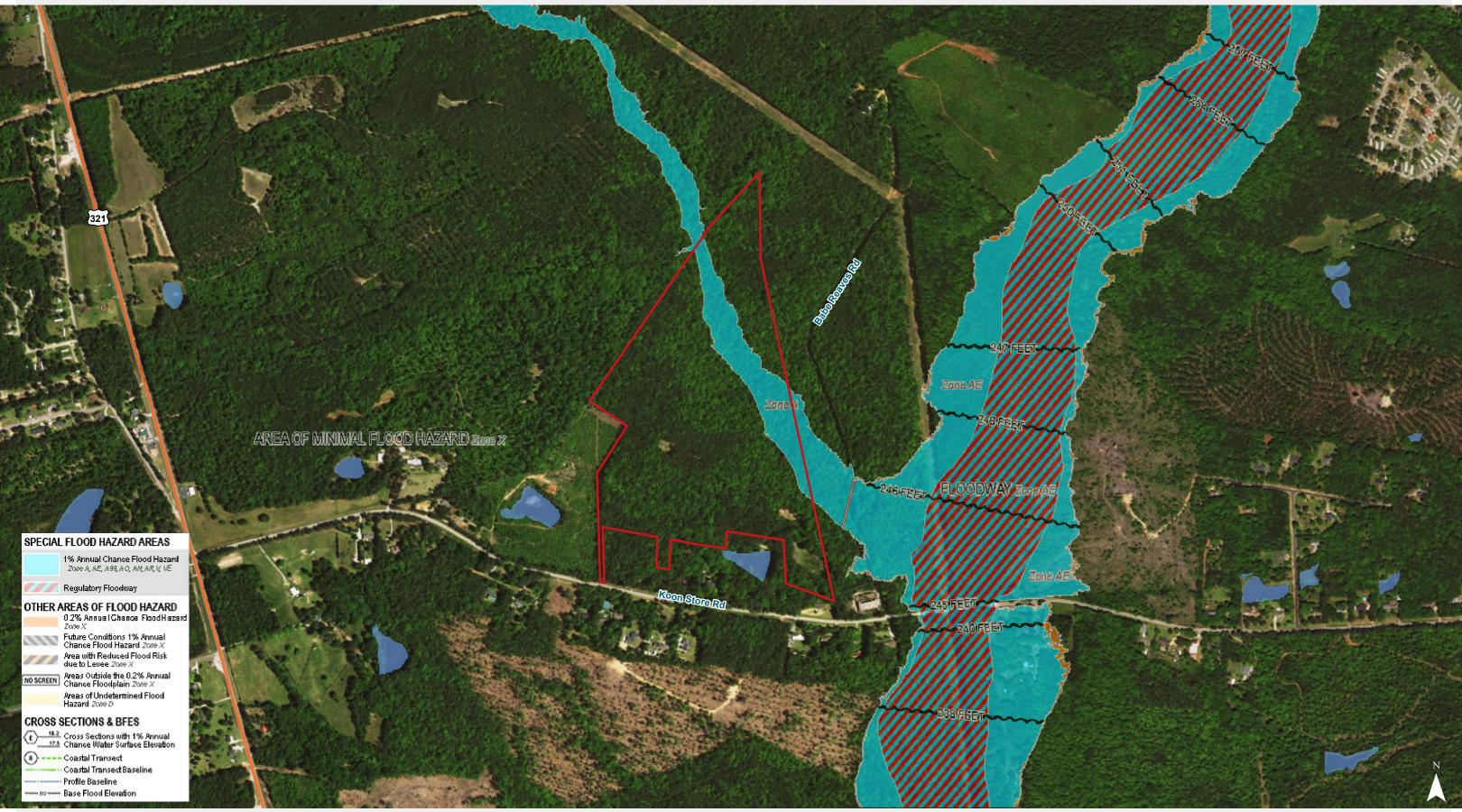


Topographical Map: 10' Contours



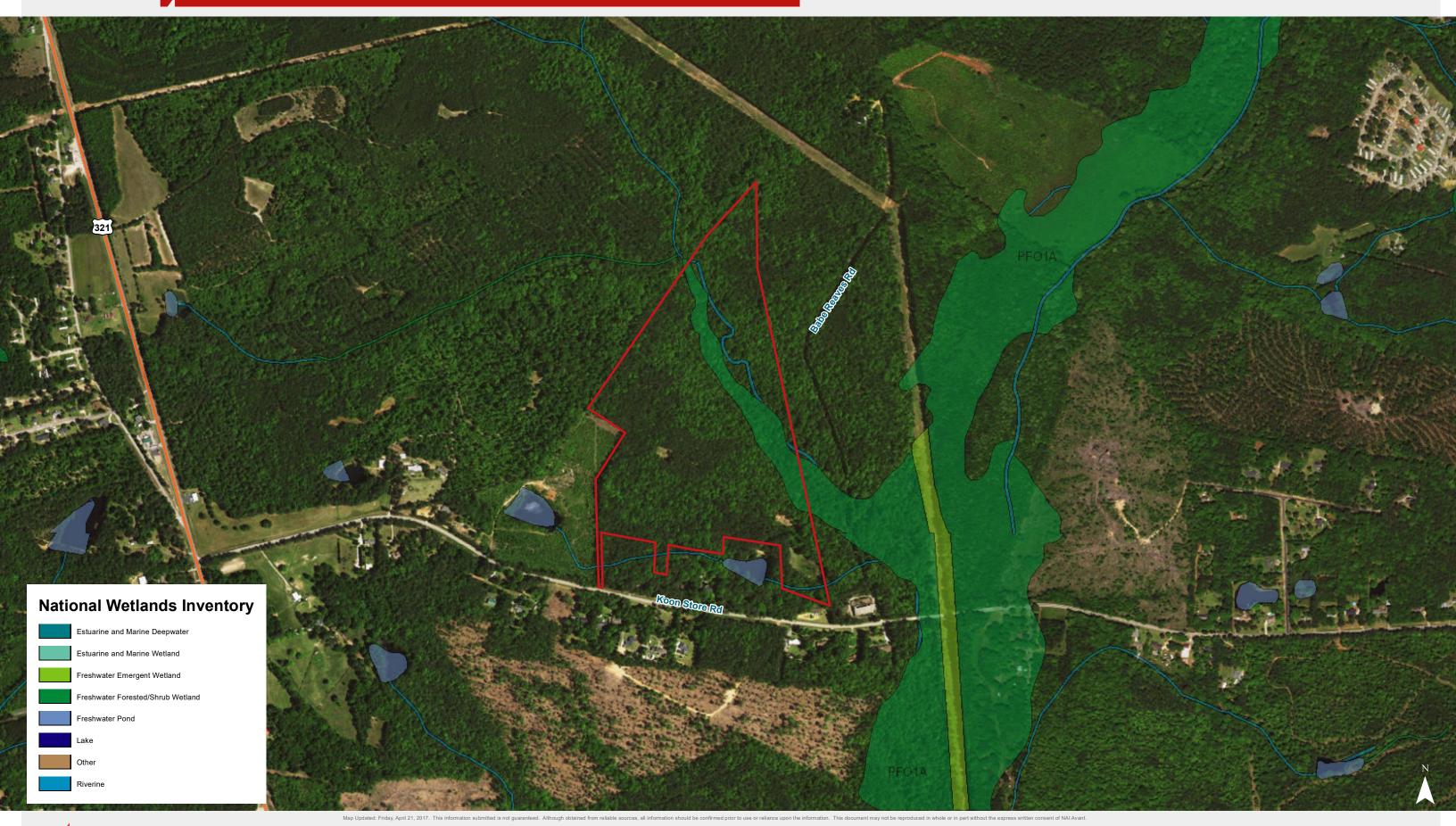


FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer

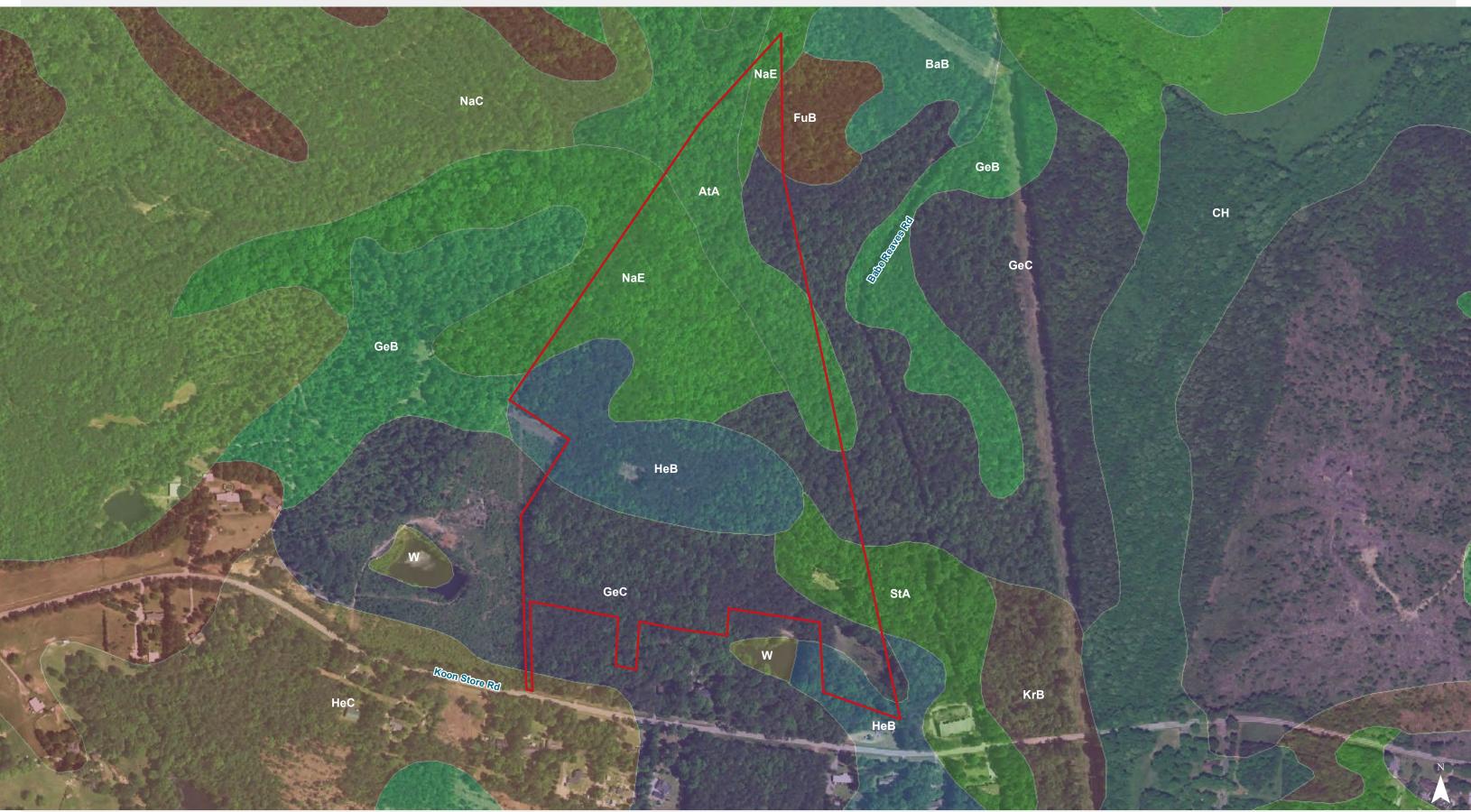




National Wetlands Inventory







Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

Richland County, South Carolina

[Minor map unit components are excluded from this report]

AtA - Altavista silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Altavista (100%)

The Altavista component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on coastal plains, stream terraces. The parent material consists of loamy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer49 inches, bedrock, paralithic,. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 18 inches during January, February, March, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 0 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

BaB - Blanton sand, 0 to 6 percent slopes

Blanton (100%)

The Blanton component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 6 percent. This component is on marine terraces on sandhills. The parent material consists of sandy and loamy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is low. Shrinkswell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 48 inches during January, February, March, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

CH - Chewacla soils

Chewacla (80%)

The Chewacla component makes up 80 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on flood plains on coastal plains. The parent material consists of loamy alluvium. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is somewhat poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is occasionally flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 6 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

FuB - Fuquay sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Fuquay (100%)

The Fuquay component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on marine terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of plinthic loamy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

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Richland County, South Carolina

[Minor map unit components are excluded from this report]

GeB - Georgeville silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Georgeville (85%)

The Georgeville component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on interfluves, piedmonts. The parent material consists of residuum weathered from metavolcanics and/or residuum weathered from metavolcanics and/or residuum weathered from slate. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

GeC - Georgeville silt loam, 6 to 10 percent slopes

Georgeville (100%)

The Georgeville component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 6 to 10 percent. This component is on hillslopes on uplands. The parent material consists of clayey residuum weathered from slate. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

HeB - Herndon silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Herndon (100%)

The Herndon component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on hillslopes on uplands. The parent material consists of clayey residuum weathered from slate. Depth to a root restrictive layer62 inches, bedrock, paralithic,. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is very low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

KrB - Kirksey loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Kirksev (100%)

The Kirksey component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on hillslopes on uplands. The parent material consists of fine-silty residuum weathered from slate. Depth to a root restrictive layer41 inches, bedrock, paralithic,. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 18 inches during January, February, March, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

Richland County, South Carolina

NaC - Nason silt loam, 6 to 10 percent slopes

Nason (100%)

The Nason component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 6 to 10 percent. This component is on hillslopes on uplands. The parent material consists of clayey residuum weathered from slate. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, paralithic, is 40 to 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

NaE - Nason complex, 10 to 30 percent slopes

Nason (100%)

The Nason component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 10 to 30 percent. This component is on hillslopes on uplands. The parent material consists of clayey residuum weathered from slate. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, paralithic, is 40 to 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

StA - State sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Wickham (100%)

The Wickham component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on coastal plains, stream terraces. The parent material consists of loamy fluviomarine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 1. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

W - Water

Water (100%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Water is a miscellaneous area.

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